**CORE WORD: Name**

**For Educators, Related Service Providers and Parents**

Wait Time: Last month we addressed Aided Language Stimulation, this month we take a look at wait time.  Providing adequate ‘wait time’ is an important consideration for communication partners while interacting and engaging with persons who use AAC systems. Sometimes the need to ‘wait’ may seem uncomfortable at first but over time, practice and when given focused attention, the amount of wait time needed for each individual will become more natural.  As communication partners we can wait expectantly for AAC users to respond and engage.

**WAYS WE CAN USE THE WORD**

ASK QUESTIONS (e.g. your **name**?)

DIRECT ACTION (e.g. write my **name**)

SHARE INFORMATION (e.g. my name **Alisa**)

**ROUTINES AND SCHEDULES**

**Arrival:** Adults can encourage students to find their **name** and put their backpack where their name is upon arrival (e.g. “Put your backpack by your **name**”).

**Circle:** Adults can prepare students names’(and their picture) laminated and taped to the carpet or on their chairs. Students can practice finding and sitting on or next to their name during circle time (e.g. “Sit by your **name**”).

Adults can make a point to intentionally greet everyone by **name** during circle time and encourage students to do the same. Once students have caught on to this routine, adults can present different students’ names to the class and ask “who’s name?” students can look at, point too, or say the chosen student’s name out loud.

**Snack/mealtimes:** Adults can set up the lunch/snack table with name tags (the name tags can have a picture of the student to reinforce their name) and students can find their name to sit by (e.g. “sit by your **name**”).

**PLAY**

**Toys and Games:**

During imaginative play, students can choose to play with babies, puppets, stuffed animals, action figures or any other beloved character to practice asking for and telling their **names** to(e.g. “your name?”, “my name Mater”). Adults can support students in this dialogue by providing many opportunities and models (e.g. “who is your friend? What name?”). Another way adults can provide more opportunities is to keep introducing new stuffed animals/action figures and say “Hi! My name *(insert random name here).”*

**Recess**

During recess, adults can support students in writing their name in chalk outside on the ground. Students can tip toe, stomp, run, or jump on their **name** for fun!

If there is somebody who looks like fun to play with, adults can support students in asking a new friend what their name is at recess.

**READING**

Here are some suggested books on YouTube that can assist in teaching the core word:

[Children's Books Read Aloud: Hello My Name Is Ruby by Philip C. Stead │ Once Upon A Story](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EXn0moZEjT8)

["Alma and How She Got Her Name" by Juana Martinez Neal (read by Sen. Laura Sturgeon, 4th District)- DSEA Literacy Channel](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yBmNmwsEz_g)

[Thunderboy Jr. by Sherman Alexie Read Aloud by Read Me A Book](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XkiFGD8RCt0)

**SOCIAL INTERACTIONS AND VIDEO MODELING**

With support from adults students can go on a “Name Scavenger Hunt” around their school or classroom. Students can bring their name tag with them and introduce themselves to new friends, “My **name** Alisa.”After they have shared their name, students can ask their new friend what their name is (e.g. “you/your name?”).

**SENSORY MOTOR**

Students can “write” their name with their bodies by moving their legs and arms as if they are writing their names in the air.

This video can help with body letter movement ideas! All of us have very different bodies, and this may be tricky for some students to participate in depending on their body. If that is the case, maybe they can direct you to spell their name for them!

[Body Letters Alphabet Song | Make Letters With Your Body | ESL for Kids | Fun Kids English](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l0sfYBhs4Lg)

Name Dance Party: Students can participate in a dance party. Adults can hold up the students name tag, their picture as well as say their name out loud so that the students know it is their turn! When they hear or see their name it is their turn to do a dance move. Adults can model this new activity by taking a turn first.

**STRUCTURED ACTIVITIES**

[**TPK Learning - K12 Grade 1 - English: Introducing Yourself**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ieCwI5yeU_U)

Teach students about a name. Adults can also take this time to touch on nick**names** and students can share if they have a nickname or what they want it to be!

**ART OR SCIENCE ACTIVITIES**

My Name/You(r) Name Tag: Students and adults can create their own name tag that has their name written very large, and include any other helpful information.

On the back of the name tag it can say “your name?” or “what is your name?” This can be taken on the “Name Scavenger Hunt” to serve as a visual aid for everyone involved to support students in asking for someone’s name.

**USE OF APPS OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY**

*Pictello:* Using paid app *Pictello* (or any other story generating app, google slides, powerpoint, ect) create a story for the students. With permission, adults can take pictures of these activities to look over with the students including the icon sequence for “name” in order to make modeling easier for all communication partners! Read the story with the student.

**VIDEOS, MUSIC, ANIMATED SHORTS**

[What's your name?, Self-introduction Lesson, English for Children - FreddiesVilleVideos](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EDmWNJ144oY)

[What's Your Name? Kids Song Kids Academy](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pv0ZWoEYIT4&t=33s)

**WORD WALL:** Create a WordWall and add **‘name’** to the list.

**READING and the Word Wall:** Sound out the letters together. Have the students find the word on the AAC system.

**WRITING and the Word Wall**: Using a pencil or alternative pencil, have students try to type the word on the keyboard or write the word together.

[Choosing Words for the Classroom Word Wall with Dr Caroline Musselwhite Video](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNaxrzVhWUY)

For specific questions or more ideas regarding this core word Activity Sheet, please contact Alisa Lego **@newfriendscollective** on instagram.

Thank you!

**CORE WORDS: Do**

**For Educators, Related Service Providers and Parents**

Wait Time: Last month we addressed Aided Language Stimulation, this month we take a look at wait time.  Providing adequate ‘wait time’ is an important consideration for communication partners while interacting and engaging with persons who use AAC systems. Sometimes the need to ‘wait’ may seem uncomfortable at first but over time, practice and when given focused attention, the amount of wait time needed for each individual will become more natural.  As communication partners we can wait expectantly for AAC users to respond and engage.

**WAYS WE CAN USE THE WORD**

SHARE INFORMATION  (e.g. I **do** lots of things)

COMMENT (e.g. I do like that)

TELL SECRETS  (I think they do)

ASK QUESTIONS   (e.g. Where do you like to go? Do you like \_\_\_\_?)

ANSWER QUESTIONS  (e.g. Yes, I do.)

AGREE  (e.g. I do).

EXPRESS A FEELING  (e.g. I do feel happy)

CLARIFY  (e.g. What do you mean?)

COMPLAIN  (e.g. I do not like it)

MAKE CHOICES  (e.g. Which one do you want?)

**ROUTINES AND SCHEDULES**

**Going to recess:** Students can have an opportunity to ask a student what he or she wants to **do**. Such interactions can be facilitated by an adult, role playing beforehand, with visuals or a social script.

**Getting dressed:** [Classic Sesame Street - I Can Do It By Myself](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zq-pn3nQRhA) (Better Quality)Talk about how they are trying to do it by themselves. Can they do it? What are they doing?

**Schedules:** With adults using Aided Language Stimulation, they can model by posing the question, ‘What are we going to do next?”

**PLAY**

Adults can narrate what students are doing using their voice and the talker, (e.g. you **do** play doh, or you do paint). Provided pause and wait time, student may need more prompting of scaffolds indicating what they are doing.

When appropriate during play, adults can ask what the students like to do and can comment on what they, in turn, like to do.

Adults can ask students what they want to play with by providing two modeled choices, (e.g. Do you want \_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_?).

Students can take turns by indicating, (e.g. I do, my turn).

Adults can ask which students want to pick a song or answer a question, and adults can model by saying, ‘my turn first’ and say, “I do” on the talker. When asked who’s next, (being provided pause and wait time) the students can indicate with or without a model, (e.g. I do).

Students can hide something in the room. Then when students look for it, they can ask, (do you want a clue?) (do you want the answer?), (do you know where it is?)

**READING**

Here are some suggested books on YouTube that can assist in teaching the core word:

[There's Nothing To Do](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cyLKzuDQXNs) By Dev Petty | Children's Book Read Aloud, By Lights Down Reading

[**Do** You Like Broccoli Ice Cream? | Super Simple Songs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=frN3nvhIHUk)

[Where Do Steam Trains Sleep at Night](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q-eVuGtUiJU) | Kids Books by StoryTime Train

[Mama, Do You Love Me?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TmaT6rlEgIk) by Barbara Joosse|Books Read Aloud|StoryTimeWithMsMelange

[WHAT DO YOU DO WITH A CHANCE?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0_fYv3UrSlQ) by Kobi Yamada and Mae Besom - PV - Storytime

[Living Books - Green Eggs And Ham (Read To Me)](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItPdeUnu5UI&t=100s)

**SOCIAL INTERACTIONS AND VIDEO MODELING**

Provide two students (at a time) the opportunity to put on a puppet show, (scripted) about what they **do** at school.  (Provide the use of visuals as needed, as well as practice sessions with aided language stimulation and ample wait time for students to locate and express messages.

[Video Modeling - Asking a Friend to Play](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sBPyVl3S5-k) by Meredith Harrah

**SENSORY MOTOR**

Reading the Eric Carle Book, Head to Toe, the students can make many movements and answer the questions by saying, “I can **do** it.”

[From Head To Toe](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rVrJStffmtE) l New Version!!! l Eric Carle l Animal Sounds l Read-A-Loud l Read-Along by Teacher Alee

Students with other physical challenges could participate by accessing other instruments to participate or iPad instrument apps, (e.g. Keezy) to play along with the music if they are not able to perform the movements.

**STRUCTURED ACTIVITIES**

The adults and students can write about all that they did during the day so that students can have the opportunity to share the information with their families when they go home. Using a predictable writing chart in Google Slides the teachers can write (given class collaboration) what happened during the day and then share the document with the family.

|  |
| --- |
| **I do many things at school-** |
| I do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| I do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| I do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| I do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| I do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

**VIDEOS, MUSIC, ANIMATED SHORTS**

[The Muffin Man](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fXFg5QsTcLQ) | Kids Songs | Super Simple Songs

[Sesame Street: Do De Duckie With Ernie](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W6_d22aMqZs)

[Do Song](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ri7XgYoYO6g)

[Do You Want to Build a Snowman?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TeQ_TTyLGMs) (From "Frozen"/Sing-Along)

**Young Adults**

[The Police - De Do Do Do, De Da Da Da](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7v2GDbEmjGE)

[Dancing With The Stars Hustle Group Dance “Do the Hustle”](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GjKsjochmpk)

**ART OR SCIENCE ACTIVITIES**

Students can create these soft popsicles out of pompoms, working on fine motors skills and they can practice asking, (e.g. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_(color). Adults can respond, “Yes I do.” Adults can also provide choices of colors for students using Aided Language Stimulation, (e.g. Do you want \_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_)?

# [**POMPOM ICE POPS- Highlights Magazine**](https://www.highlights.com/parents/crafts/pompom-ice-pops)

**BY LISA GLOVER**

# 

# USE OF APPS OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY

Students can play the free online game, Snakes and Ladders with peers. Students take turns playing the game, indicating my turn or I **do**, or I go.

<https://toytheater.com/snakes-and-ladders/>

*CookieDoodle App*: Students can make cookies, using clear graphics, and make choices regarding shapes, flavors, and then take turns putting in ingredients, decorating the cookies and ultimately eating them. Students can indicate when it’s their, (e.g. I do), to put in ingredients, decorate or eat.

Use *Clicker Writer* for writing words, phrases or sentences with picture support as well as word banks to support a writing activity with a focus on the word, ‘do.’

*Abilipad app* could also be used for writing with use of pictures, adaptable keyboard, word banks, and word prediction. <https://appytherapy.com/abilipad/>

**WORD WALL:** Add the word, **do** on the Word Wall.

**READING and the Word Wall:** Sound out the letters together. Have the students find the word on the AAC system.

**WRITING and the Word Wall**: Using a pencil or alternative pencil, have students try to type the word on the keyboard or write the word together.

[Choosing Words for the Classroom Word Wall with Dr Caroline Musselwhite Video](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNaxrzVhWUY)

For specific questions or more ideas regarding this core word Activity Sheet, please contact Michaela Sullivan @   [**michaelasullivan2@gmail.com**](mailto:michaelasullivan2@gmail.com)

Thank you!

**CORE WORDS: Read**

**For Educators, Related Service Providers and Parents**

**This activity sheet will provide both activities for students and information to adults about various types of reading interventions and approaches.**

Wait Time: Last month we addressed Aided Language Stimulation, this month we take a look at wait time.  Providing adequate ‘wait time’ is an important consideration for communication partners while interacting and engaging with persons who use AAC systems. Sometimes the need to ‘wait’ may seem uncomfortable at first but over time, practice and when given focused attention, the amount of wait time needed for each individual will become more natural.  As communication partners we can wait expectantly for AAC users to respond and engage.

**WAYS WE CAN USE THE WORD**

SHARE INFORMATION  (e.g. I read a book)

COMMENT(e.g. good book)

ASK QUESTIONS  (e.g. Did you read it?)

ANSWER QUESTIONS (e.g. I didn’t read it)

DIRECT ACTIONS (e.g. You read it).

SHARE NEEDS (e.g. I need to read a book and write a book report).

GET HELP (e.g. Can you help me read it?)

**ROUTINES AND SCHEDULES**

**Arrival:** After greeting the student, the Adults can remind the students to **read** the assignment on the board or to look at and/or read the schedule.

**Going to bed:** Adults can give students a choice of what book they want to read, (do you want \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_) and expectantly wait for a choice response.

**Shared Reading time:** Students can be provided with a choice of two books to read during shared reading.

**Circle Time:** Students can select the book they want to read and majority rules.

**PLAY**

After having **read** their favorite books, during play time, students can make a choice between two books and act like one of the characters in the book, role-play, act-out  or make sound effects related to the story, (e.g. animals, vehicles).

Students can pretend that they are the adults and read to a group of students by telling others what they remember or what they see in the book or what they remember hearing.

**READING**

Here are some suggested books on YouTube that can assist in teaching the core word:

[An Elephant & Piggie Book,](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng_iJYGaI8Q) "We Are in a Book!" read aloud. By Mo Willems by Story Books Read Aloud

[Grover reads The Monster at the End of This Book](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=42iXxfGiwDg)  by Jon Stone video created by: Aaron Barnes

**SOCIAL INTERACTIONS AND VIDEO MODELING**

At morning meeting(s), adults can provide a choice of two books that can be **read** aloud in the circle/meeting. Students can take turns being the teacher, asking each student which book they want to read and then they can tally the answers.

Students can announce the book that is going to be read by reading the title, repeating the title after a model or describing the book using verbal speech or their AAC system(s).

**SENSORY MOTOR**

Students can create their own mini books. They can illustrate and write on them either independently or while working with an adult and an alternative pencil to write. Then comes the fun part….READING their book.

[Here is a mini-book template by twinkl.com](https://web.kamihq.com/web/viewer.html?state=%7B%22ids%22%3A%5B%221Ma0qv7mac7gGzKrlP_JlzRiZ6tMxpync%22%5D%2C%22action%22%3A%22open%22%2C%22userId%22%3A%22114858616160890371688%22%7D&kami_user_id=1223603)

**STRUCTURED ACTIVITIES**

This topic is very near and dear to my heart. After working with preschool students with and without significant disabilities I have found the Dialogic Reading approaches described below to be highly effective in therapy sessions. These help to support the development of vocabulary, overall language skills, attention, interest in books, critical thinking and more. Books provide a wonderful context for individuals to learn language and to relate their own experiences and students often love to read and re-read their favorite books.

Here is an extensive [video by Dr. Lonigan](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r2FLrq8YIyY&t=165s) on Dialogic Reading (Implementing Level 1 and Level 2 and Level 3 approaches) which he describes as “A scaffolded language interaction about a book.”

What is Dialogic Reading? It is an active-engaged type of shared reading. It is less about the book and more- a discussion about the book, which helps to increase vocabulary, critical thinking, overall language skills and more. It is reportedly best provided in groups of 3-5 students).

Here are some [dialogic reading supports and prompts](https://www.readingrockets.org/article/dialogic-reading-effective-way-read-aloud-young-children) to utilize when engaging in shared reading activities with your students. All of the information below can be found on the Reading Rockets website:

The fundamental reading technique in dialogic reading is the PEER sequence where the adult: Prompts the student to comment on the book, Evaluates their response, Expands upon what they said and then Repeats the prompt to make sure they learned from the expansion. Doesn’t this sound like so much of what we already do in our Speech and Language sessions, lessons and while reading books at home with our students. This is validation that you ARE helping your students just by talking about the book and having fun with the book.

Additionally,there are prompts that are described in the above website that make so much sense. You can remember each by remembering the pneumonic: CROWD. Here they are:

**C**ompletion prompts (Adults have the student complete a phrase or sentence about what they see in the book, e.g. That is a \_\_\_\_).

**R**ecall prompts: (Adults ask the students questions about the book to see if they can remember what happened)

**O**pened Ended Questions: Asking open ended questions allow students to think for themselves and generate their own novel ideas, (e.g. what do you see?).

**W**H questions: Ask them WH questions in the book to see if they know what the items are or what they think is happening.

**D**istancing- Relate the story to their own lives. This is the clincher. This is when the student begins to relate to the text to eventually gain a better understanding of themselves and the information that they hear and receive.

How fun is this approach? Any book can be a built in therapy/educational tool for a contextual conversation.

**VIDEOS, MUSIC, ANIMATED SHORTS**

[The Reading Song- World Book Day 2019](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5n9V2NR-gqk) By Newington CPS

[Reading Song | CoComelon Nursery Rhymes & Kids Songs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yFblyF33omI)

[I Love Reading](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ouL4ZMEdIs) - Reading and Book by the Fabulous Lemon Drops Song

[Book Song! | We Love Books! |](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7c8giTT_0UY) Original Songs | By LBB Junior by Moonbug Kids- Cartoons and Kids Songs

[Reading (Happy Song)](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h5F5Kdc1UVA) by Adreanna Clark

This section focuses on literacy instruction by Dr. Caroline Musselwhite- For Educators, Related Service Providers, Parents and more!

[Symbols and Learning to Read with Dr Caroline Musselwhite](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1QUcIf7l7tQ)

[Good Literacy Instruction is Good for All Students with Dr Caroline Musselwhite](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3wLkZXqtdAM)

**Young Adults**

[Engaging Older Students with Dr Caroline Musselwhite](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dYnEEXAN31I)

**ART OR SCIENCE ACTIVITIES**

Students can write a book, it can be about themselves or something else.  BUT make sure they decorate the cover in whatever they want with anything they want to create their own art.

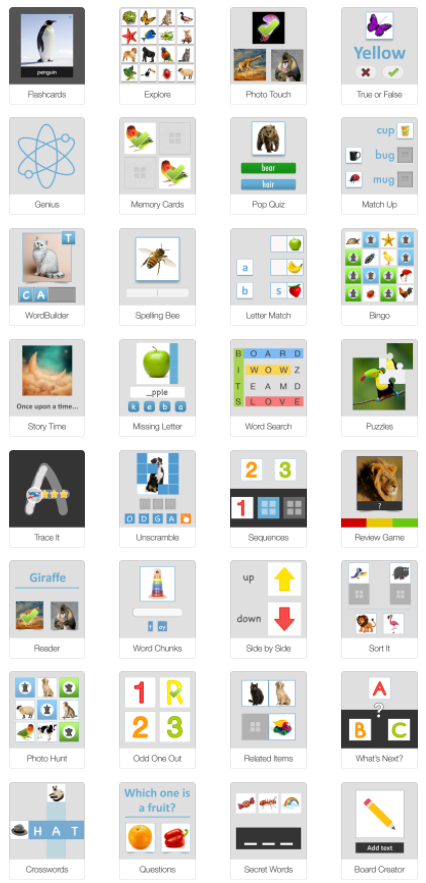
# **USE OF APPS OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY**

I Like Books app, (free) 37 Picture Books in one, by Grasshopper apps, (free)  (e.g. I like animals, I like boas, I like cats, I like dogs). Users can have the book read to them, they can **read** it by themselves or have it autoplay, listening to it and the page can turn automatically.  Students can customize their story and even read and record it in their own voice.

[Tarheel Reader-](https://tarheelreader.org/) A Free, accessible resource of books created by accomplished authors and the community that can be read aloud via computerized speech. In addition to reading the books and search for topics, readers can also create and publish books on this site.

[Tarheel Shared reader](https://shared.tarheelreader.org/find/) The Shared reader website provides the student/reader with access to vocabulary at the bottom of the book to engage more in book reading by using core words to express a variety of communication functions.

*Bitsboard app*:  Is a Fun, learning app with numerous games and activities that are created and modified by the user or created by the community. Here is a snapshot of the various games that in part can address reading skills



**WORD WALL:** Add the word, **read** on the Word Wall.

**READING and the Word Wall:** Sound out the letters together. Have the students find the word on the AAC system.

**WRITING and the Word Wall**: Using a pencil or alternative pencil, have students try to type the word on the keyboard or write the word together.

[Choosing Words for the Classroom Word Wall with Dr Caroline Musselwhite Video](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNaxrzVhWUY)

For specific questions or more ideas regarding this core word Activity Sheet, please contact Michaela Sullivan @   [**michaelasullivan2@gmail.com**](mailto:michaelasullivan2@gmail.com)

Thank you!

**CORE WORDS: What**

**For Educators, Related Service Providers and Parents**

Wait Time: Last month we addressed Aided Language Stimulation, this month we take a look at wait time.  Providing adequate ‘wait time’ is an important consideration for communication partners while interacting and engaging with persons who use AAC systems. Sometimes the need to ‘wait’ may seem uncomfortable at first but over time, practice and when given focused attention, the amount of wait time needed for each individual will become more natural.  As communication partners we can wait expectantly for AAC users to respond and engage.

**WAYS WE CAN USE THE WORD**

SHARE INFORMATION  (e.g. I’d like to tell you what I’ve been doing)

ASK QUESTIONS  (e.g. What do you want? What is your name?)

ANSWER QUESTIONS (e.g. That’s what I said.)

AGREE (e.g. That’s what I think, too).

EXPRESS A FEELING (e.g. what is the word to express how I’m feeling?)

CLARIFY  (e.g. Is that what you said?)

COMPLAIN  (e.g. What do they think they are doing?)

MAKE CHOICES  (e.g. What is left to choose?)

DISAGREE  (e.g. I don’t like what they are saying).

DIRECT ACTIONS  (e.g. what way should you move my hips to make them more comfortable).

SHARE NEEDS (e.g. What I need is some medicine).

**ROUTINES AND SCHEDULES**

**Morning meeting:** Tell us your name. **What** is your name?

**Mealtimes:** What do you want for snacks? goldfish or apples?

**Shared reading before bed:** What book do you want to read?

**Getting dressed:** What do you want to wear, ( this or that/choice of two)

**PLAY**

Given a choice of two toys/activities, ask the student, (**what** do you want?)

Comment on what they chose and reinforce the word, ‘that is what you want.’

TouchChat WordPower 42 Basic

**READING**

Here are some suggested books on YouTube that can assist in teaching the core word:

[My First Word Book 📚 Usborne Books & More](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YYu_oiZ5Gbs&t=37s)

(You can use this book by pausing on each page and asking the student, ‘**what**’ the items are, (e.g. What is that). This can build question formulation and vocabulary.

[Polar Bear Polar Bear, What Do You Hear](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ctQjLfMKinU)  created by Justin Brannick

[Dinosaur Rap](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yhQkUowpNNo) | Barefoot Books Singalong

(Adults can ask what the dinosaur and people are doing).

**SOCIAL INTERACTIONS AND VIDEO MODELING**

Use social scripts for students to ask questions of one another.  Many apps, have pre-programmed answers as to biographical information but we can expand from there:

**What** is your name?

What do you like to do?



What do you like to eat?



What stores do you go to?



The above was created in Chat Editor, a free software application from Saltillo that can be downloaded on a PC computer. It does not work on a Mac, unfortunately.  The user area above reflects the TouchChat with WordPower 60 Basic. It also supports LAMP.

Another idea, during morning meeting(s), students can ask questions of the adult(s), (e.g. what are we doing today).... Or adults can model that question and then go over the schedule.

To make it a more interactive activity, students can gather in pairs to discuss the answers to the questions and then share with the group.

**SENSORY MOTOR**

Adults can form a circle and the leader makes a move or action. The adult can ask, everyone, ‘**what** did \_\_\_ do?’ and the other students and adults imitate. Each student takes turns being the leader.

**STRUCTURED ACTIVITIES**

Explicitly teach the word, **what** using a big core board, low-tech or use of a students’ AAC system. Indicate that it is a question word and ask some simple questions that you know they can answer in their AAC system and/or verbally. Expand to other, ‘what’ questions during the day.

Farm animal activity: Read a book about farm animals. Consider having a barn with animal figures during the reading and then talk about animal sounds. Make an animal sound and ask the student, ‘what makes the sound’ and see if they can model the answer in their talker(s). Students may need or benefit from Aided Language Stimulation support and/or a field of two choice, (e.g. bird or cow) to answer the questions.

Item hidden in a bag: Hide an item in a bag and allow the student to feel it but don’t open the bag. Use aided language stimulation to model asking the question, ‘what is it?’ Have the students describe what it feels like and to guess what it is. Open the bag for the big reveal.  Repeat this fun activity using a variety of fun toys to play with and slowly pause and prompt to see if the student begins to spontaneously ask the question, ‘what is it?’

**VIDEOS, MUSIC, ANIMATED SHORTS**

[The Present - OFFICIAL](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WjqiU5FgsYc&t=46s)

During the video, stop and pause and ask what is happening.

[What Do You Like To Do?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nddRGDEKxA0) | Kids Songs | Super Simple Songs

[Song: What's Your Name?](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dSM1dZkJeh4)

[Video Modeling - Asking Questions by Watch me Learn](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Wm4eNI1C94)

**ART OR SCIENCE ACTIVITIES**

Adults can use cookie cutter shapes and ask what each student likes and once chosen, the student can trace the shape five times on the paper.

Then the adult can ask the student, what color they like and then they can paint it or color it in with the chosen color. (repeat for the 5 traced shapes) using aided language stimulation, emphasizing the word, ‘what.’

# **USE OF APPS OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY**

SoundTouch app: Utilize the soundtouch app to find animals, vehicles, instruments and home items and listen to **what** sounds they make. The adults can ask, ‘what says moo?’ and other various sounds.

Use *Clicker Writer* for writing words, phrases or sentences with picture support as well as word banks to support a writing activity with a focus on the word, ‘what.’

**WORD WALL:** Add the word, **what** on the Word Wall.

**READING and the Word Wall:** Sound out the letters together. Have the students find the word on the AAC system.

**WRITING and the Word Wall**: Using a pencil or alternative pencil, have students try to type the word on the keyboard or write the word together.

[Choosing Words for the Classroom Word Wall with Dr Caroline Musselwhite Video](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gNaxrzVhWUY)

For specific questions or more ideas regarding this core word Activity Sheet, please contact Michaela Sullivan @   [**michaelasullivan2@gmail.com**](mailto:michaelasullivan2@gmail.com)

Thank you!